Online Safety (Education for a Connected World) - Progression of Skills and Assessment Profile

	At EYFS Expectations	At Year 1 Expectations	At Year 2 Expectations	At Year 3 Expectations	At Year 4 Expectations	At Year 5 Expectations	At Year 6 Expectations	Beyond Year 6 Expectations
1.Self-Image and Identity	I can recognise, online or offline, that anyone can say 'no' / 'please stop' / 'I'll tell' / 'I'll ask' to somebody who makes them feel sad, uncomfortable, embarrassed or upset.	I can recognise that there may be people online who could make me feel sad, embarrassed or upset. If something happens that makes me feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened I can give examples of when and how to speak to an adult I can trust	I can explain how other people may look and act differently online and offline. I can give examples of issues online that might make me feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened; I can give examples of how I might get help.	I can explain what is meant by the term 'identity'. I can explain how I can represent myself in different ways online. I can explain ways in which someone might change their identity depending on what they are doing online (e.g. gaming; using an avatar; social media) and why.	I can explain how my online identity can be different to my offline identity. I can describe positive ways for someone to interact with others online and understand how this will positively impact on how others perceive them. I can explain that others online can pretend to be someone else, including my friends, and can suggest reasons why they might do this.	I can explain how identity online can be copied, modified or altered. I can demonstrate responsible choices about my online identity, depending on context.	I can identify and critically evaluate online content relating to gender, race, religion, disability, culture and other groups, and explain why it is important to challenge and reject inappropriate representations online. I can describe issues online that could make anyone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened. I know and can give examples of how to get help, both on and offline. I can explain the importance of asking until I get the help needed.	I can give examples of how the internet and social media can be used for positive self-promotion. I can explain how anyone can curate and experiment with their identity online and why they might wish to do this. I am aware that a person's online activity, history or profile (their 'digital personality') will affect the type of information returned to them in a search or on a social media feed, and how this may be intended to influence their beliefs, actions and choices.

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2. Online	I can recognise some	I can give examples of	I can give examples of	I can describe ways	I can describe strategies	I can give examples of	I can explain how	I can explain the
Relationships	ways in which the	when I should ask	how someone might	people who have	for safe and fun	technology specific	sharing something	importance of having a
	internet can be used to	permission to do	use technology to	similar likes and	experiences in a range	forms of	online may have an	choice and giving
	communicate.	something online and	communicate with	interests can get	of online social	communication (e.g.	impact either positively	others a choice online.
		explain why this is	others they don't also	together online.	environments (e.g.	emojis, memes and	or negatively.	
	I can give examples of	important.	know offline and		livestreaming, gaming	GIFs).		I can explain how and
	how I (might) use		explain why this might	I can explain what it	platforms).		I can describe how to	why people who
	technology to	I can use the internet	be risky. (e.g. email,	means to 'know		I can explain that there	be kind and show	communicate with
	communicate with	with adult support to	online gaming, a pen-	someone' online and	I can give examples of	are some people I	respect for others	others through online
		communicate with	pal in another school /	why this might be	how to be respectful to	communicate with	online including the	platforms may try to
	people I know.	people I know (e.g.	country).	different from knowing	others online and	online who may want	importance of	influence others
		video call apps or		someone offline. I	describe how to	to do me or my friends	respecting boundaries	negatively and I can
		services).	I can explain who I	can explain what is	recognise healthy and	harm. I can recognise	regarding what is	offer examples. e.g.
			should ask before	meant by 'trusting	unhealthy online	that this is not my / our	shared about them	racist / homophobic
		I can explain why it is	sharing things about	someone online', why	behaviours.	fault.	online and how to	comments, social
		important to be	myself or others online.	this is different from	Senationis.	144.0	support them if others	influencers sharing
		considerate and kind to	I can describe different	'liking someone online',	I can explain how	I can describe some of	do not.	weight loss products,
		people online and to	ways to ask for, give, or	and why it is important	content shared online	the ways people may	do not.	grooming;
		1 ' '	deny my permission	to be careful about who	may feel unimportant	be involved in online	I can describe how	radicalisation; coercion.
		respect their choices.		to trust online including		communities and		radicalisation, coercion.
			online and can identify	_	to one person but may		things shared privately	The state of the state of the state of
		I can explain why things	who can help me if I am	what information and	be important to other	describe how they	online can have	I can explain strategies
		one person finds funny	not sure.	content they are	people's thoughts	might collaborate	unintended	for assessing the
		or sad online may not		trusted with.	feelings and beliefs.	constructively with	consequences for	degree of trust I place
		always be seen in the	I can explain why I have			others and make	others. e.g. screen-	in people or
		same way by others.	a right to say 'no' or 'l	I can explain why		positive contributions.	grabs.	organisations online.
			will have to ask	someone may change		(e.g. gaming		
			someone'. I can explain	their mind about		communities or social	I can explain that taking	I can describe some
			who can help me if I	trusting anyone with		media groups).	or sharing	signs of harmful online
			feel under pressure to	something if they feel		I can explain how	inappropriate images of	situations e.g. sexual
			agree to something I	nervous, uncomfortable		someone can get help if	someone (e.g.	harassment, grooming,
			am unsure about or	or worried. I can		they are having	embarrassing images),	cyberbullying.
			don't want to do.	explain how someone's		problems and identify	even if they say it is	
				feelings can be hurt by		when to tell a trusted	okay, may have an	I can assess when I
			I can identify who can	what is said or written		adult.	impact for the sharer	need to take action and
			help me if something	online.			and others; and who	explain what to do if I
			happens online without			I can demonstrate how	can help if someone is	am concerned about
			my consent.	I can explain the		to support others	worried about this.	my own or someone
				importance of giving		(including those who		else's online
			I can explain how it may	and gaining permission		are having difficulties)		relationship.
			make others feel if I do	before sharing things		online.		
			not ask their permission	online; how the				
			or ignore their answers	principles of sharing				
			before sharing	online is the same as				
			something about them	sharing offline e.g.				
			online.	sharing images and				
			oranic.	videos				
			I can explain why I	VIGCUS				
			should always ask a					
			•					
			trusted adult before					
			clicking 'yes', 'agree' or					
		1	'accept' online.					

3. Online Reputation	I can identify ways that I can put information on the internet.	I can recognise that information can stay online and could be copied. I can describe what information I should not put online without asking a trusted adult first.	I can explain how information put online about me can last for a long time. I can describe how anyone's online information could be seen by others. I know who to talk to if I think someone has made a mistake about putting something online.	I can explain how to search for information about others online. I can give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online. I can explain the need to be careful before sharing anything personal. I can explain who someone can ask if they are unsure about putting something online.	I can describe how others can find out information about me by looking online. I can explain ways that some of the information about me online could have been created, copied or shared by others.	I can search for information about an individual online and summarise the information found. I can describe ways that information about anyone online can be used by others to make judgments about an individual and why these may be incorrect.	I can explain the ways in which anyone can develop a positive online reputation. I can explain strategies anyone can use to protect their 'digital personality' and online reputation, including degrees of anonymity.	I can describe and assess the benefits and the potential risks of sharing information online. I can explain how the information online services hold about someone forms part of their 'online identity' and how this differs from their digital personality. I can describe what is appropriate to say and do in different online settings / platforms (e.g. opinions, values, information, shares, 'likes', 'forwards').
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4. Online	I can describe ways that	I can describe how to	I can explain what	I can describe	I can recognise when	I can recognise online	I can describe how to	I can describe how
Bullying	some people can be	behave online in ways	bullying is, how people	appropriate ways to	someone is upset, hurt	bullying can be	capture bullying	bullying may change as
	unkind online.	that do not upset	may bully others and	behave towards other	or angry online.	different to bullying in	content as evidence	we grow older and
		others and can give	how bullying can make	people online and why		the physical world and	(e.g screen-grab, URL,	recognise when it is
	I can offer examples of	examples.	someone feel.	this is important.	I can describe ways	can describe some of	profile) to share with	taking place online.
	how this can make				people can be bullied	those differences.	others who can help	
	others feel.		I can explain why	I can give examples of	through a range of		me	I can describe a range
			anyone who	how bullying behaviour	media (e.g. image,	I can describe how		of different bullying
			experiences bullying is	could appear online	video, text, chat).	what one person	I can explain how	types and behaviours
			not to blame.	and how someone can		perceives as playful	someone would report	and assess when these
				get support.	can explain why people	joking and teasing	online bullying in	are occurring (e.g.
			I can talk about how		need to think carefully	(including 'banter')	different contexts.	homophobia, racism,
			anyone experiencing		about how content	might be experienced		gender discrimination,
			bullying can get help.		they post might affect	by others as bullying.		sexism, ableism,
					others, their feelings			exclusion of others
					and how it may affect	I can explain how		from online forms of
					how others feel about	anyone can get help if		communication. setting
					them (their reputation).	they are being bullied		up fake profiles of
						online and identify		another person).
						when to tell a trusted		
						adult.		I can explain why
								anyone experiencing
						I can identify a range of		online abuse is never to
						ways to report		blame (e.g. victim
						concerns and access		blaming) and that to
						support both in school		suggest they are is
						and at home about		wrong.
						online bullying.		
								I can identify and
						I can explain how to		demonstrate actions to
						block abusive users.		support others who are
								experiencing difficulties
						I can describe the		online.
						helpline services which		
						can help people		
						experiencing bullying,		
						and how to access		
						them (e.g. Childline or		
						The Mix).		

5. Managing	I can talk about how to	I can give simple	I can use keywords in	I can demonstrate how	I can analyse	I can explain the	I can explain how	I can explain why using
Online	use the internet as a	examples of how to find	search engines.	to use key phrases in	information to make a	benefits and limitations	search engines work	various additional tools
Information	way of finding	information using	_	search engines to	judgement about	of using different types	and how results are	can refine my searches
	information online.	digital technologies,	I can demonstrate how	gather accurate	probable accuracy and I	of search technologies	selected and ranked.	more effectively (e.g.
		e.g. search engines,	to navigate a simple	information online.	understand why it is	e.g. voice-activation		search filters: size,
	I can identify devices I	voice activated	webpage to get to		important to make my	search engine. I can	I can explain how to use	type, usage rights etc.).
	could use to access	searching).	information I need (e.g.	I can explain what	own decisions	explain how some	search technologies	
	information on the		home, forward, back	autocomplete is and	regarding content and	technology can limit the	effectively.	I can explain how
	internet.	I know / understand	buttons; links, tabs and	how to choose the best	that my decisions are	information I aim		online content
	internet.	that we can encounter	sections).	suggestion.	respected by others.	presented with e.g.	I can describe how	published by an
		a range of things online				voice-activated	some online	individual can be
		including things we like	I can explain what voice	I can explain how the	I can describe how to	searching giving one	information can be	interpreted differently
		and don't like as well as	activated searching is	internet can be used to	search for information	result.	opinion and can offer	by others.
		things which are real or	and how it might be	sell and buy things.	within a wide group of		examples.	
		make believe / a joke.	used (e.g. Alexa, Google		technologies and make	I can explain what is		I can explain how
			Now, Siri).	I can explain the	a judgement about the	meant by 'being	I can explain how and	'liking', 'sharing' or
		I know how to get help		difference between a	probable accuracy (e.g.	sceptical'; I can give	why some people may	'forwarding' online
		from a trusted adult if	I can explain the	'belief', an 'opinion'	social media, image	examples of when and	present 'opinions' as	content can change
		we see content that	difference between	and a 'fact. and can give	sites, video sites).	why it is important to	'facts'; why the	people's opinions of
		makes us feel sad,	things that are	examples of how and		be 'sceptical'.	popularity of an opinion	someone (e.g.
		uncomfortable worried	imaginary, 'made up' or	where they might be	I can describe some of		or the personalities of	contribute to or
		or frightened.	'make believe' and	shared online, e.g. in	the methods used to	I can evaluate digital	those promoting it does	damage their online
			things that are 'true' or	videos, memes, posts,	encourage people to	content and can explain	not necessarily make it	reputation).
			'real'.	news stories etc. I can	buy things online (e.g.	how to make choices	true, fair or perhaps	
				explain that not all	advertising offers; in-	about what is	even legal.	I can explain how
			I can explain why some	opinions shared may be	app purchases, pop-	trustworthy e.g.		'online marketplaces'
			information I find	accepted as true or fair	ups) and can recognise	differentiating between	I can define the terms	can enable small
			online may not be true.	by others (e.g.	some of these when	adverts and search	'influence',	businesses or
				monsters under the	they appear online.	results.	'manipulation' and	individuals to do
				bed).			'persuasion' and	business on a wider /
					I can explain why lots of	I can explain key	explain how someone	global scale.
				I can describe and	people sharing the	concepts including:	might encounter these	
				demonstrate how we	same opinions or	information, reviews,	online (e.g. advertising	I can assess the
				can get help from a	beliefs online do not	fact, opinion, belief,	and 'ad targeting' and	benefits and limitations
				trusted adult if we see	make those opinions or	validity, reliability and	targeting for fake	of online commerce.
				content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable	beliefs true.	evidence.	news).	
				worried or frightened.	I can explain that	I can identify ways the	I understand the	
				worned of frightened.	technology can be	internet can draw us to	concept of persuasive	
					designed to act like or	information for	design and how it can	
					impersonate living	different agendas, e.g.	be used to influences	
					things (e.g. bots) and	website notifications,	peoples' choices.	
					describe what the	pop-ups, targeted ads.	peoples choices.	
					benefits and the risks	pop upo, targeteu uus.	I can demonstrate how	
					might be.	I can describe ways of	to analyse and evaluate	
						identifying when online	the validity of 'facts'	
					I can explain what is	content has been	and information and I	
					meant by fake news	commercially	can explain why using	
					e.g. why some people	sponsored or boosted,	these strategies are	
					will create stories or	(e.g. by commercial	important.	
					alter photographs and	companies or by	and the second	
					put them online to	vloggers, content	I can explain how	
					pretend something is	creators, influencers).	companies and news	
					true when it isn't.	,	providers target people	
L	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	a de mienticion e	l	p. 37.46.5 target people	

		I can explain what is	with online news	
		meant by the term	stories they are more	
		'stereotype', how	likely to engage with	
		'stereotypes' are	and how to recognise	
		amplified and	this.	
		reinforced online, and		
		why accepting	I can describe the	
		'stereotypes' may	difference between	
		influence how people	online misinformation	
		think about others.	and dis-information.	
		I can describe how fake	I can explain why	
		news may affect	information that is on a	
		someone's emotions	large number of sites	
		and behaviour, and	may still be inaccurate	
		explain why this may be	or untrue. I can assess	
		harmful.	how this might happen	
			(e.g. the sharing of	
		I can explain what is	misinformation or	
		meant by a 'hoax'. I can	disinformation).	
		explain why someone		
		would need to think	I can identify, flag and	
		carefully before they	report inappropriate	
		share.	content.	

6. Health,	I can identify rules that	I can explain rules to	I can explain simple	I can explain why	I can explain how using	I can describe ways	I can describe common	I recognise and can
Wellbeing	help keep us safe and	keep us safe when we	guidance for using	spending too much	technology can distract	technology can affect	systems that regulate	discuss the the
and Lifestyle	healthy in and beyond	are using technology	technology in different	time using technology	me from other things I	healthy sleep and can	age-related content	
	the home when using	both in and beyond the	environments and	can sometimes have a	might do or should be	describe some of the	(e.g. PEGI, BBFC,	pressures that
	technology.	home.	settings e.g. accessing	negative impact on	doing.	issues.	parental warnings) and	technology can place
			online technologies in	anyone, e.g. mood,			describe their purpose.	on someone (e.g.
	1		public places and the	sleep, body,	I can identify times or	I can describe some		immediate response on
	I can give some simple		home environment.	relationships; I can give	situations when I might	strategies, tips or	I can assess and action	social media and
	examples of these			some examples of both	need to limit the	advice to promote	different strategies to	messaging apps; always
	rules.		I can say how those	positive and negative	amount of time I use	healthy sleep with	limit the impact of	available; invasive;
			rules / guides can help	activities where it is	technology.	regards to technology.	technology on my	
			anyone accessing	easy to spend a lot of	<u>.</u>	5	health (e.g. night-shift	rapid engagement).
			online technologies.	time engaged (e.g.	I can suggest strategies		mode, regular breaks,	
				doing homework,	to help me limit this		correct posture, sleep,	I can explain the
				games, films, videos).	time.		diet and exercise).	importance of self-
								regulating technology
				I can explain why some			I can explain the	use; I can demonstrate
				online activities have			importance of self-	strategies to do this
				age restrictions, why it			regulating my use of	(e.g. monitoring time
				is important to follow			technology; I can	spent online, avoiding
				them and know who I			demonstrate the	-
				can talk to if others			strategies I use to do	accidents).
				pressure me to watch			this (e.g. monitoring my	
				or do something online			time online).	I can explain how
				that makes me feel				someone might
				uncomfortable (e.g. age				recognise that they
				restricted gaming or				need support to
				web sites).				manage their use of
								technology and who
								٠,
								might provide that
								support.
								I can describe
								strategies to identify
								and assess when peers
								·
								may need support and
								describe ways to assist
								peers who may be
								experiencing
								difficulties.
								I can identify
								commercial content
								(e.g. pop-ups, spam)
								and can discuss simple
								strategies to manage
								such content (e.g. pop-
								up blockers, junk
								folders, unsubscribing).

7. Privacy	I can identify some	I can explain that	I can explain how	I can describe simple	I can describe strategies	I can explain what a	I can describe effective	I can explain why
and Security	simple examples of my	passwords are used to	passwords can be used	strategies for creating	for keeping personal	strong password is and	ways people can	someone should use a
	personal information	protect information,	to protect information,	and keeping passwords	information private,	demonstrate how to	manage passwords (e.g.	strong and separate
	(e.g. name, address,	accounts and devices.	accounts and devices.	private.	depending on context.	create one.	storing them securely	password for their
	birthday, age, location).						or saving them in the	email account, as the
		I can recognise more	I can explain and give	I can give reasons why	I can explain that	I can explain how many	browser).	·
	I can describe who	detailed examples of	examples of what is	someone should only	internet use is never	free apps or services		gateway to other online
	would be trustworthy	information that is	meant by 'private' and	share information with	fully private and is	may read and share	I can explain what to do	accounts.
	to share this	personal to someone	'keeping things private'.	people they choose to	monitored, e.g. adult	private information	if a password is shared,	
	information with; I can	(e.g where someone		and can trust. I can	supervision.	(e.g. friends, contacts,	lost or stolen.	I can explain the terms
	explain why they are	lives and goes to	I can describe and	explain that if they are	The state of the s	likes, images, videos,	the december to the second	'connectivity' and the
	trusted.	school, family names).	explain some rules for	not sure or feel	I can describe how	voice, messages,	I can describe how and	'Internet of things'.
		I can explain why it is	keeping personal information private	pressured then they should tell a trusted	some online services may seek consent to	geolocation) with	why people should keep their software and	
		important to always ask	(e.g. creating and	adult.	store information about	others.	apps up to date, e.g.	I can recognise that
		a trusted adult before	protecting passwords).	addit.	me; I know how to	I can explain what app	auto updates.	devices can collect and
		sharing any personal	protecting passwords).	I can describe how	respond appropriately	permissions are and	auto apaates.	share data about users
		information online,	I can explain how some	connected devices can	and who I can ask if I	can give some	I can describe simple	with or without their
		belonging to myself or	people may have	collect and share	am not sure.	examples.	ways to increase	
		others.	devices in their homes	anyone's information		•	privacy on apps and	knowledge or
			connected to the	with others.	I know what the digital		services that provide	awareness, e.g. device
			internet and give		age of consent is and		privacy settings.	usage including
			examples (e.g. lights,		the impact this has on			microphone, camera
			fridges, toys,		online services asking		I can describe ways in	and geolocation.
			televisions).		for consent.		which some online	
							content targets people	I understand the
							to gain money or	benefits of two factor
							information illegally; I	authentication and use
							can describe strategies to help me identify	it where available.
							such content (e.g.	
							scams, phishing).	I can explain why
							564115) p.1151111.8/.	backing up data is
							I know that online	• .
							services have terms and	important and how this
							conditions that govern	can be done.
							their use.	
								I can explain how and
								why it is important to
								always ensure someone
								makes safe and secure
								online payments.
								I can explain why online
								services have terms and
								conditions that govern
								their use and give
								examples that illustrate
								how they impact on a
								user e.g. age
								restrictions.

8. Copyright and create belon	work I I can explain why work I				I can assess and justify	I can demonstrate the	I know that commercial
	ngs to me. create using technology	~	•	_			
Ownership I can name n that others k belongs to m	belongs to me. my work so know it I can say why it belongs to me (e.g. 'I designed')	I can recognise that content on the internet may belong to other people. I can describe why other people's work belongs to them.	I can explain why copying someone else's work from the internet without permission isn't fair and can explain what problems this might cause.	When searching on the internet for content to use, I can explain why I need to consider who owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it. I can give some simple examples of content which I must not use without permission from the owner, e.g. videos, music, images.	when it is acceptable to use the work of others. I can give examples of content that is permitted to be reused and know how this content can be found online.	use of search tools to find and access online content which can be reused by others. I can demonstrate how to make references to and acknowledge sources I have used from the internet.	online content can be viewed, accessed or downloaded illegally. I can give some examples of illegal access (e.g. illegal streaming, pirate sites, torrent sites, peer-topeer sharing) and the associated risks. I can accurately define the concept of plagiarism. I can use this definition to evaluate online